
Notice of Non-Discrimination and Title IX Compliance

The College of Saint Elizabeth practices equal opportunity with respect to its students and its employees. No one will be denied employment at or admission to the College of Saint Elizabeth on the basis of sex, race, creed, color, religion, disability, age, marital status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, or national origin. The College does not discriminate on the basis of any of the aforementioned protected bases in the recruitment and admission of students, the recruitment and employment of faculty and staff, and the operation of any of its programs and activities as specified by federal and state law and regulations.

The College of St. Elizabeth complies with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, which prohibits all recipients of federal funds from discriminating on the basis of gender in its educational programs and activities. The College also prohibits harassment on the basis of sex, race, or other bases listed above, and prohibits sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, stalking or other forms of violence against its students and employees. Any of these acts or other acts of violence will not be tolerated. The College will respond promptly, fairly, and impartially to all complaints of harassment, sexual assault, or violence. This policy applies to all members of the College of Saint Elizabeth community and describes an individual's rights as a student or employee with respect to sexual or other forms of harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and/or stalking.

Title IX Coordinator

Dr. Joseph Ciccone, serves as the Title IX Coordinator for the College. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for the College's compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. The Title IX Coordinator role on campus is to administer the review, investigation, and resolution procedures for reports of sexual misconduct and harassment. **Students** seeking additional information or wishing to file a complaint related to discrimination, harassment, or assault on the basis of sex, race, creed, color, religion, handicap/disability, gender, age, marital status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, or national origin should contact Dr. Ciccone or Katherine Buck, Vice President for Student Life. **Employees** seeking additional information or wishing to file a complaint related to discrimination or harassment should contact Dr. Ciccone or Kathleen Fusaro, Human Resources Administrator. Contact information is below:

Joseph Ciccone, Title IX Coordinator, 2nd Floor, Santa Maria, (973) 290-4383.

Kathleen Fusaro, Human Resources Administrator, 4th Floor, Room 410, Santa Rita Hall, (973) 290-4453.

Katherine Buck, Vice President for Student Life, Room 318, Annunciation Center, (973) 290-4203.

COLLEGE OF SAINT ELIZABETH SEXUAL HARASSMENT, ASSAULT, AND DISCRIMINATION POLICY

As a Catholic institution of higher education, the College of Saint Elizabeth is a community of learning which is based on the trust, respect, and dignity of its members and celebrates God's love for all. As such, the College expects high standards of personal behavior and responsibility

from its students, faculty and staff and calls all members of its community to act from a commitment to justice, mercy, and compassion, and in light of Catholic Social teaching, to develop respect and responsibility for others. With these values as its foundation, the College is therefore committed to fostering an educational and working environment that is free from all forms of discrimination and harassment (including sexual harassment, sexual assault, sexual misconduct, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking). In recognition of the dignity and worth of all members of the College community, incidents of such behavior will not be tolerated. Every member of the campus community (including faculty, staff, students or third parties) is responsible for insuring that incidents of harassment and/or sexual misconduct do not occur, and should they occur, assume the responsibility for reporting them.

The College of Saint Elizabeth has an obligation to uphold the laws of the community of which it is a part. While the laws of the community and the rules of the College may overlap, they operate independently and do not substitute for each other. The College may pursue enforcement of its rules whether or not legal proceedings are underway or in prospect, and may use information from third party sources, to determine whether College policy has been violated or not. Membership in the College does not exempt anyone from local, state, or federal laws, but rather imposes the additional obligation to abide by all of the College's regulations. Therefore, a student or employee charged with discrimination, harassment, sexual harassment, sexual misconduct or sexual violence can be disciplined by the College through the complaint process outlined below, and may also be prosecuted under New Jersey criminal statutes.

Individuals who believe they have been sexually harassed or assaulted, or who believe that they are the target of other forms of harassment and assault as defined in this Policy, are encouraged to report their concerns to one of the individuals listed above.

The harassment complaint process ("Complaint Process") is to be followed whenever a complaint of harassment (as described below) is made that alleges conduct that may be in violation of the College's Anti-Harassment and Non-Discrimination Policy ("Policy"). The Policy prohibits harassment based upon certain enumerated protected categories as listed above. The purpose of the Complaint Process is to describe the steps to be followed for reporting and handling complaints of discrimination, harassment, or sexual assault.

I. DEFINITIONS

Harassment is defined as conduct that creates an impermissible hostile educational or work environment based on an individual's actual or perceived race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, disability, atypical hereditary cellular or blood trait, marital status, civil union status, domestic partnership status, military service, veteran status, and any other category protected by law that is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive so as to limit a student or employee's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity, or work environment at the College of Saint Elizabeth.

Sexual harassment is a form of sexual discrimination, which is illegal under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, and the New Jersey

Law Against Discrimination. Sexual harassment consists of nonconsensual sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct based on sex, whether on or off campus, when:

- (1) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a condition of an individual's employment or academic standing; or
- (2) submission to or rejection of such conduct is used as the basis for employment decisions or for academic evaluation, grades, or advancement; or
- (3) such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work or academic performance or creating an intimidating or hostile academic or work environment.

Sexual harassment may be found in a single episode, as well as in persistent behavior. Conduct that occurs in the process of application for admission to a program or selection for employment is covered by this policy, as well as conduct directed toward University students, faculty, or staff members. In addition, conduct by third parties (i.e., individuals who are neither students nor employees, including but not limited to guests and consultants) is covered by this policy. Both men and women are protected from sexual harassment, and sexual harassment is prohibited regardless of the sex of the harasser. Sexual harassment is a matter of particular concern to an academic community in which students, faculty, and staff are related by strong bonds of intellectual dependence and trust. If members of the faculty, whether professors or graduate assistants, or other College employees, introduce sex into a professional relationship with a student, they abuse their position of authority.

Sexual harassment can be verbal or physical. It can be either explicit or implicit. It can, for example, be a promise that a person will receive a particular grade, promotion, or continued employment in exchange for a sexual favor. Also, persistent, unwelcome attempts to change a professional relationship to a personal one can be a form of sexual harassment. Stalking, including via e-mail or other electronic means, may also be a form of sexual harassment. Sexual violence is also prohibited by College policy.

Sexual violence or sexual assault is defined as sexual contact *without* consent and includes:

- intentional touching, either of the victim or when the victim is forced to touch (or witness touching) directly or through clothing, another person's genitals, breasts, thighs or buttocks
- rape (sexual intercourse without consent, by either an acquaintance or stranger)
- attempted rape
- sodomy (oral sex or anal intercourse)
- sexual assault
- sexual battery
- sexual coercion
- sexual penetration with an object without consent
- lewdness (an offensive act committed by a person who reasonably expects that the act is likely to be viewed by another as alarming).

Consent: To constitute lack of consent, the acts must be committed either by force, intimidation, or through use of the victim's mental incapacity or physical helplessness due to drug or alcohol consumption, mental deficiency, being asleep/unconscious, and/or being under the legal age of

consent according to New Jersey law. Agreement given under such conditions does not constitute consent.

Consent must be clear and unambiguous for each participant throughout any sexual encounter. Consent to some sexual acts does not imply consent to others, nor does past consent to a given act imply ongoing or future consent. Consent can be revoked at any time. For all of these reasons, sexual partners must evaluate consent in an ongoing fashion and should communicate clearly with each other throughout any sexual encounter.

Dating Violence is defined as a violent act committed by a person –

- (a) Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
- (b) Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
 - a. The length of the relationship
 - b. The type of relationship
 - c. The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Domestic Violence is defined as felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the State of New Jersey, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the State of New Jersey.

Stalking is defined as the purposeful conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear bodily injury or death to him/herself or family member and knowingly, recklessly, or negligently places the person in reasonable fear of bodily injury or death to him/herself or family member. Stalking is a pattern of malicious behavior (not just a one-time event) intended to cause fear or apprehension in another individual. This may include, but is not limited to, showing up at a person's place of work, making frequent phone calls, frequent attempts at contacting a person electronically, or other unwanted acts.

Retaliation against individuals who report sexual misconduct, file complaints of sexual misconduct, cooperate in the investigation of sexual misconduct, or hear formal or informal complaints of sexual misconduct is strictly forbidden. The complaint process set out here is available to any individual who believes that he or she has suffered retaliation for any of these actions. Retaliation against anyone who complains of, investigates, or participates in an investigation of alleged harassment, assault or discrimination is grounds for discipline up to expulsion (for students) and dismissal (for employees).

II. HOW TO REPORT SEXUAL HARASSMENT, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR DISCRIMINATION AGAINST STUDENTS

Students are strongly encouraged to promptly report all incidents of harassment that they

experience or observe, including sexual harassment/sexual assault, or discrimination. Faculty and staff who learn of alleged harassment, assault or discrimination against a student must report such information to one of the individuals listed below. Prompt reporting of such incidents makes investigation of the incident more effective, enhances the ability of the College to investigate and take action on a complaint, and aids the College in protecting our academic community.

On-Campus Resources: Sexual harassment and assault are an offense against the College community as well as against the individual victim. Student victims of any form of harassment or sexual violence that occurs on-campus (or in any setting related to school programs, including off-campus activities such as field trips or athletic events) are strongly encouraged to report the incident to any Campus Security Authority. These designated individuals have significant responsibility for student, employee and/or campus activities. They include, but are not limited to:

- Katherine Buck, Vice President for Student Life, Annunciation Center Room 318, (973) 290-4203
- Zsuzsa Nagy, Director of Counseling Services, Wellness Center, Founders Hall, (973) 290-4175
- Susan Lasker, M.D., Director of Health Services, Wellness Center, Founders Hall, (973) 290-4175
- Trisha Fuentes, Director of Residence Life, Founders Hall, (973) 290-4184
- Neil G. Buckley, Interim VP Finance, Director of Facilities/Campus Security, Santa Rita Hall (973) 290-4498
- Juliene Simpson, Athletic Director, Lower Level, Saint Joseph Hall, (973) 290-4207
- Lenee Woodson, International and Multi-Cultural Affairs, Santa Rita Hall Room 203, (973) 290-4227

These campus officials will assist the victim to obtain help (either through campus resources or outside referrals), and to initiate the Complaint Process (and/or criminal proceedings) through the Title IX Coordinator.

Reporting through the Advocate CARE system: In addition to the resources listed above, any member of the campus community can also report a concern of harassment or misconduct through the Advocate CARE program. Individuals reporting a concern can log on to <http://www.cse.edu/security> and click the CSE CARE Report button to complete a report. Individuals submitting a report will be asked to provide contact information so the appropriate College officials may follow up for more details regarding the report.

Interim Measures and Academic Accommodations: Following an allegation of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault/sexual misconduct and/or stalking, interim measures, such as arranging alternate housing for the student respondent (or the student complainant, if appropriate), reassigning the respondent (or the complainant, if appropriate) to a different class(es), issuing a no contact order, a change in work schedule or other measures to protect the complainant while the investigation is in process, will be made in consultation with the student

complainant. A student who has been a victim of sexual misconduct may request an academic accommodation and will receive an appropriate and reasonable accommodation which may include withdrawal from or retaking a class without penalty and access to academic support such as tutoring services. These interim measures will be provided whether or not the complainant elects to file an informal or formal complaint or makes a police report.

Confidentiality: The College of Saint Elizabeth is committed to maintaining the privacy of all individuals involved in a report of sexual misconduct. While the College encourages victims to report an incident of sexual misconduct, there are many options available for students to speak with someone about what happened while maintaining confidentiality. The College shall maintain confidentiality to the extent possible. Only those who have a need to know will be told the identity of the parties to a complaint. In some instances, a Complainant may choose to take no action or to defer action until a later date in order to maintain anonymity. In these instances, the College reserves the right to limited disclosure and to take appropriate action in order to ensure the safety and well-being of members of the College community.

Confidential Resources: Licensed professional counselors provide mental-health counseling to members of the campus community and are not obligated to report any information to the College, but will provide referrals and resources to an individual in need. Confidential resources include:

Zsuzsa Nagy, Director of Counseling Services, Wellness Center, Founders Hall (973) 290-4175
MorrisCARES Sexual Assault Program Hotline, Morristown Medical Center, (973) 829-0587

The privacy of the student victim will be respected at all times. It is the victim's decision whether to initiate a complaint or to continue with any form of resolution. It is the right of the victim not to report, but if she/he does report, the College is obligated by law to take measures to remedy any harassment it confirms. However, if a student elects not to file a formal or informal complaint, the College reserves the right to take action in situations where, in the judgment of College officials, the interests of the wider College community may be affected.

Students who experience sexual violence are strongly encouraged to report the assault to the police; campus officials will assist victims with such reports. Should the victim of sexual violence decide not to report the assault to the police, the College reserves the right to determine whether the College community may be at risk if such a report is not made. Should the College decide to contact the police, every effort will be made to protect the victim's privacy.

Students who wish to file a complaint against an individual may use either an informal or formal process, as described in Section IV below.

Off-Campus Resources and Immediate Medical Attention: The College is committed to partnering with off-campus resources such as MorrisCARES and the Florham Park Police Department to provide specialized care to victims of sexual assault in a supportive environment. Individuals may also want to seek medical assistance through Morristown Medical Center. Every victim has the option to seek treatment for injuries sustained during an incident of sexual misconduct, preventative treatment for sexually transmitted diseases, and other health services.

An individual can seek this medical assistance by dialing 911, MorrisCARES at 973-829-0587, or campus security at 973-290-4090.

Jersey Battered Women's Services - Full-service domestic violence and domestic abuse prevention agency offering:

- Victim Services
- Friends & Family support
- Batterer's Intervention
- Children's Services
- Legal Assistance
- Teen Dating Abuse prevention

24-Hour Helpline (973) 267-4763

MorrisCARES services available through Morristown Medical Center:

- **Sexual Assault Program Hotline: 973-829-0587** – confidential support and crisis counseling provided by a professional therapist, available 24/7
- **Individual counseling** – available to survivors of sexual violence, as well as to their families and significant others
- **Advocacy services** – trained advocates accompany survivors of sexual violence to court, police departments and emergency rooms
- **Support groups** – available to both male and female survivors of sexual violence, their families and significant others
- **Community education** – covers a variety of topics related to sexual violence and harassment

Sexual Assault Response Team (SART)

An advocate, certified forensic nurse and specially-trained law enforcement investigators address the medical, emotional and legal needs of survivors 13 years of age and up who are in acute crisis and have been sexually assaulted within a five-day period. Services are available through MorrisCARES.

- **Morris Cares**
- **Phone:** 973-971-4754
- **Sexual Assault Program Hotline**
- **Phone:** 973-829-0587

Florham Park Police Department

Florham Park Police officers have been trained by MorrisCARES advocates on response to victims of sexual violence. Individuals can choose to report an incident of sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to the police by contacting the Florham Park Police - Emergency 911. Non-emergency 973-377-2200.

III. HOW TO REPORT HARASSMENT, ASSAULT, OR DISCRIMINATION AGAINST EMPLOYEES

Any employee who believes that he or she has encountered or witnessed harassment, assault or discrimination shall report the misconduct to the Title IX Coordinator (973-290-4478, Santa Rita Hall, 4th Floor) either orally or in writing as promptly as possible. In addition, employees who experience sexual violence are strongly encouraged to report the assault to the police; campus officials will assist victims with such reports. Should the victim of sexual violence decide not to report the assault to the police, the College reserves the right to determine whether the College community may be at risk if such a report is not made. Should the College decide to contact the police, every effort will be made to protect the victim's confidentiality.

Faculty and staff who wish to file a complaint against the accused individual may use either an informal or formal process, as described in Section IV below.

IV. THE COMPLAINT INVESTIGATION PROCESS/GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

After receiving information that a student or employee wishes to file a complaint of harassment, assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or discrimination, the Title IX Coordinator will immediately provide the accused (the Respondent) and the complaining student or employee (the Complainant) with a copy of the written complaint and this policy, and will assign an Investigator to the case within one class day of receipt of the complaint by the Title IX Coordinator. The College will conduct a timely review of the complaints. The Investigator assigned to a complaint will explain to both the Complainant and the Respondent the avenues for informal and formal action, including a description of the process and the relevant avenues of redress, and will provide them with a written summary of the process. The Title IX Coordinator (or Investigator) has the authority to take all reasonable and prudent interim measures to protect both parties pending completion of the investigation and during the informal or formal procedures undertaken to resolve the complaint such as arranging alternate housing for the Respondent (or the Complainant, if appropriate), reassigning the Respondent (or the Complainant, if appropriate) to a different class, issuing a no contact order, or, if the Complainant is an employee, making appropriate work reassignments.

Informal Procedure

Except in cases of sexual assault or other violence, the Complainant will determine whether to use the informal grievance procedure or the formal procedure described below. Use of the informal procedure does not preclude the later use of the formal procedure. Complaints involving sexual assault or other violence must follow the formal procedure, described below.

The informal procedure involves a good faith effort to resolve the issue through confidential, informal means. The informal procedures are designed to resolve complaints quickly and efficiently. There are various methods available to attempt informal resolution, and the method or methods chosen will be tailored to the particular circumstances. Methods may include, but are not limited to, assisting the Complainant and the Respondent or, if the Complainant is an employee, the department with the resolution of a real or perceived problem, such as by aiding in the modification of a situation in which the offensive conduct occurred; and arranging a meeting between the Title IX Coordinator or Investigator and the alleged offender to discuss the requirements of the Policy.

Where circumstances allow for this and with the consent of the Complainant, informal procedures such as mediation will be initiated as soon as possible, absent any unusual circumstances. The Investigator may determine that a complaint is not appropriate for informal resolution (such cases would include allegations of sexual assault/sexual violence, where mediation will not be used). Both the Complainant and the Respondent have the right to bypass or end the informal complaint process at any time in order to initiate formal complaint proceedings. Likewise, if the issue is not satisfactorily resolved through the informal process, either party may then inform the Title IX Coordinator in writing that he/she wishes to use the formal process. If the complaint names the Title IX Coordinator as the Respondent, the complaint should be directed to the Vice President for Finance and Administration. The utilization of the informal resolution process is not a precondition for initiating the formal resolution process.

Formal Procedure

If the allegation of harassment has not been resolved as a result of the informal procedure or is of the kind in the Investigator's opinion that is not appropriate for informal resolution, or if either the Complainant or the Respondent asks to begin the formal stage of the complaint process, a formal investigation will be initiated. In any case, the investigator will work as expeditiously as possible to conduct a full and fair investigation. The investigator will give both the Complainant and the Respondent a reasonable opportunity to be heard, orally and/or in writing, with respect to the complaint and to furnish names of witnesses along with information or other evidence pertaining to their knowledge of the matters set forth in the complaint. Upon completion of the investigation, the investigator will report in writing to the Title IX Coordinator, setting forth the steps taken in the investigation and the investigator's findings.

The Title IX Coordinator will review the report of the investigator. If the Title IX Coordinator finds the investigation incomplete or otherwise unacceptable, the Title IX Coordinator may request further investigation by the investigator, or may assign a new investigator to the complaint. Once the investigation is complete, the Title IX Coordinator shall give the Complainant and the Respondent a summary of the investigator's report, a reasonable time to prepare a response, and then a reasonable opportunity to be heard orally or in writing by the Title IX Coordinator. If the Respondent asserts that an issue of academic freedom is involved, the Title IX Coordinator shall consult with appropriate faculty or staff members as the Title IX Coordinator deems advisable.

Filing a Complaint with a State and/or Federal Agency: A student who is not satisfied with the College's handling of a complaint, may also file a complaint with federal and state agencies. Please refer to the Student Complaint Procedure found in the Student Handbook.

V. PROCESS FOLLOWING THE INVESTIGATION

After the investigation is concluded, the Title IX Coordinator will make a preliminary determination as to whether the Respondent's conduct that is complained of constitutes harassment under the Policy, using the "preponderance of evidence" standard (i.e. it is more likely than not that sexual harassment or violence occurred). If the Title IX Coordinator determines that the Respondent has not engaged in harassment that violates this Policy, the Title IX Coordinator shall notify the Respondent and the Complainant in writing of this conclusion, and it shall be noted on all relevant records.

The Title IX Coordinator shall notify the Complainant of the determination that the Policy was violated. The Title IX Coordinator shall also notify the Respondent of the determination that the Respondent violated the Policy, and advise the Respondent of the appropriate corrective action that will be taken, including any disciplinary action, including termination, that affects the Respondent. If the action taken results in discipline or termination, the Respondent may exercise rights the Respondent may have in accordance with applicable College policies.

Process when Student is Respondent. If the Title IX Coordinator preliminarily determines that the Respondent has engaged in harassment, assault or discrimination, the Title IX Coordinator will send a memo of preliminary determination to the Vice President for Student Life, together with the written documents pertaining to the case. The Title IX coordinator will also notify the Complainant and the Respondent of the preliminary determination as to whether College policies were violated. The Vice President for Student Life will decide whether to initiate the College's student conduct judicial process. The purpose of this process, completed by the Judicial Affairs Officer, is to determine if the Respondent is responsible for violating any College conduct policies. Any member of the College community found to have violated a College conduct policy will be sanctioned accordingly as outlined in the College of Saint Elizabeth Student Handbook. At the conclusion of this process, the College will provide written notification to the parties involved of the outcome and resolution of the conduct judicial hearing. Once written notification is received, the parties involved will have the opportunity to appeal the findings. Appeals shall follow the appeal procedure found in the Student Handbook.

Process When Employee is Respondent. If the Title IX Coordinator preliminarily determines that the Respondent has engaged in harassment, the Title IX Coordinator will send a memorandum of preliminary determination and all of the written documents pertaining to the case to the vice president to whom the Respondent's department/program reports. The Title IX Coordinator's preliminary determination shall constitute a recommendation of a finding of prohibited harassment, and may include a recommendation concerning corrective action and disciplinary action, to the vice president. The Title IX coordinator will also notify the Complainant and the Respondent of the preliminary determination as to whether College policies were violated.

Appeals by Staff. Either the Complainant or the Respondent (or both) may appeal the Title IX coordinator's determination (either orally or in writing) to the Vice President of the Respondent's department/program. Such appeals must be made within five class days of the receipt of the Title IX coordinator's preliminary determination. Within five class days of receiving the appeal(s), the Vice President will either uphold the determination or return it to the Title IX coordinator for clarification and possibly for further investigation. If the Vice President upholds the Title IX coordinator's determination, he or she will consult with the Title IX coordinator as to the sanction(s) to be imposed on the Respondent.

Appeals by Faculty. Once the Title IX Coordinator and investigators have completed the investigation and rendered a decision as to whether or not the policy has been violated and if so, the consequences for a violation, an appeal is possible. If the incident involves a faculty member, the decision made by the Committee can be appealed to the Faculty Hearing Committee. To do this the faculty must notify the Faculty Hearing Committee of the intent to appeal within 5 days of the decision. The Title IX Coordinator is asked to submit all the information gathered to the Faculty Hearing Committee. The Faculty Hearing Committee will have 14 work days to review the incident, meet with those involved and make a recommendation. This recommendation will be presented to the College President who, based on the information provided will make the final decision.

VI. TIME FRAMES FOR INVESTIGATION

The College is committed to investigating and resolving complaints of harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking and sexual assault promptly; its ability to do so is closely related to the cooperation of the Complainant and Respondent and the witnesses they identify. Under normal circumstances, the College would expect to have the investigation and resolution of the complaint completed within sixty (60) calendar days of the filing of the complaint unless at any point the Complainant agrees that a longer period of time would be appropriate or circumstances require it. The expected timeline would be:

- Complaint filed; investigator interviews Complainant, Respondent, and relevant witnesses – 2 weeks
- Investigator submits results of investigation to Title IX coordinator; Title IX coordinator reviews investigation results and accepts them or requests additional investigation – 1 week
- Additional investigation (if required); Title IX investigator provides summary of investigation to Complainant and Respondent; gives them opportunity to respond to summary; reaches preliminary determination, notifies Complainant and Respondent of right to appeal – 2 weeks
- Complainant and/or Respondent appeal to vice president – 1 week
- Vice president responds to appeal; either upholds Title IX coordinator's determination or requests additional information – 1 week
- Title IX coordinator provides additional information (if available); vice president determines sanction (if any) – 1 week

Burden of Proof: The burden of proof in all cases of sexual misconduct is “the preponderance of the evidence” - whether it is “more likely than not” that the sex discrimination, dating violence,

domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking occurred. If the evidence meets this standard then the respondent must be found responsible.

Extensions: The College will endeavor to complete investigations and determine whether discipline or other actions are warranted within 60 days. However, if the complaint occurs at the end of an academic semester or at a time when the College is not in regular session, resolution of the complaint may take somewhat longer. Either the complainant or respondent may request an extension; the Title IX coordinator will determine whether such a request is reasonable and how long the extension will be.

Evidence: Evidence to be presented by the complainant and/or respondent during any hearing on the charges must be shared with the opposing party at least two (2) business days in advance of the scheduled hearing. The investigator may exclude evidence that has not been shared or adjourn the hearing to afford all parties the opportunity to review evidence to be presented during the hearing. The investigator will make the final decision relating to the admissibility of all evidence.

Advisors: The respondent and complainant may be assisted during disciplinary hearings and related meetings under this process, by an advisor of their choice. The respondent and complainant may present witnesses and may produce other evidence for consideration by the student conduct body. The respondent and complainant are responsible for presenting evidence on their own behalf. Advisors may speak privately to their advisee, respondent or complainant, during the proceeding, but may not make formal statements, present evidence, question witnesses, or address the hearing officer. Either party may request a brief recess to consult with their advisor which will be granted at the discretion of the investigator or hearing officer.

VII. CORRECTIVE AND/OR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

If the determination reached is that the Respondent violated this Policy, the Title IX Coordinator and the appropriate vice-president will then determine the corrective action to be taken. Disciplinary action, up to and including discharge (or expulsion if the Respondent is a student), may be taken against a Respondent who violated the Policy.

Corrective and disciplinary actions for Respondents who are College employees will be determined on a case-by-case basis and may include but are not limited to:

- Participation in education sessions on harassment;
- A written reprimand;
- Reassignment of teaching, work or other responsibilities;
- Suspension without pay; or
- Termination, dismissal

The vice-president will initiate disciplinary action as soon as reasonably practicable, when in his/her judgment it is appropriate, and will attempt to take whatever steps are necessary to prevent the recurrence of the offending behavior and to correct its discriminatory effects on the Complainant and others, if appropriate.

Corrective and disciplinary actions for Respondents who are students will be determined on a case-by-case basis and may include but are not limited to:

- changes in class schedule
- counseling
- disciplinary reprimand
- loss of privilege
- restitution
- disciplinary probation
- suspension
- dismissal or expulsion

Punitive actions will also be taken against third party persons found to have violated the tenets of this policy, and they will be dealt with on a case-by-case basis. Actions may include campus bans, filing of criminal charges, reassignment of contracted services personnel, termination of business agreements etc.

VII. INDEPENDENT COLLEGE ACTION

The College reserves the right to investigate allegations of harassment or sexual assault in appropriate circumstances even in the absence of a complaint of harassment filed pursuant to the Complaint Process. The College may proceed under either the informal or formal resolution process. Nothing in this Policy is intended to abrogate any rights accorded faculty under the College's dismissal provisions included in the Faculty Handbook.

Any College investigation may or may not coincide with a law enforcement investigation regarding the harassment complaint. The College reserves its right to suspend the Title IX investigation while the police are gathering evidence; however, the College will continue its efforts to provide assistance and support to the Complainant while the police investigation is continuing. Once notified that the police department has completed its gathering of evidence (not the ultimate outcome of the investigation or filing of charges) the College will promptly resume its independent investigation.

The College also reserves its right to take any interim action – such as a no-contact order or interim suspension of the accused – reasonably needed to protect the victim/survivor or the rest of the campus community.

VIII. RETALIATION

Retaliatory conduct against any individual who has filed a complaint of harassment, who has reported witnessing harassment, who has participated in the harassment complaint process, or who has been the subject of an investigation or the subject of a complaint of harassment and found not to have engaged in harassment is also a violation of the Policy and is grounds for discipline and/or remedial action. Anyone who believes that he/she may be or has been the victim of retaliation should discuss his/her concerns with the Title IX Coordinator/Director of

Human Resources.

IX. FALSE ALLEGATIONS

Knowingly making a material misstatement of fact may subject the Complainant to discipline. Anyone who believes that he/she has been the subject of a false complaint of harassment may meet with the Title IX Coordinator/Director of Human Resources to discuss the allegations. The filing of a complaint that does not result in a finding of prohibited harassment is not alone evidence of the intent to file a false complaint.

X. RECORD KEEPING

All reports of harassment, whether a formal written complaint or an informal complaint, must be forwarded to the Title IX Coordinator/Director of Human Resources by the management or supervisory personnel receiving the complaint. The Director will keep a record of all informal and formal complaints. This information will be used to monitor repeated complaints within the same unit or against the same individual. This information will also be used to document the incidence of harassment in the College community.

XI. CONSENSUAL RELATIONSHIPS

Because of the potential for abuse or the appearance of abuse and the inherent differential in authority, the College of Saint Elizabeth prohibits any faculty member or employee of the College from engaging in a romantic and/or sexual relationship or in romantic and/or sexual conduct with any student currently enrolled as an undergraduate student at the College.

Furthermore, because of the potential for abuse or the appearance of abuse and the inherent differential in authority between graduate students and their educators, counselors, and others holding positions of authority over them, the College prohibits any member of the College community from engaging in a romantic and/or sexual relationship or in romantic and/or sexual conduct with any graduate student whom he or she educates, counsels, coaches, supervises or evaluates in any way. Likewise, because of the potential for abuse or the appearance of abuse and the inherent differential in authority, the College prohibits any member of the College community from engaging in a romantic and/or sexual relationship or in romantic and/or sexual conduct with any employee whom that person supervises or evaluates in any way.

Exceptions to any of these prohibitions will be considered by the Office of Human Resources on a limited, case-by-case basis. Questions about the application or effect of this policy to an existing or potential relationship should be directed to the Office of Human Resources. In keeping with the College Policy, if charges of sexual harassment are made, the existence of a consensual relationship in any of the contexts stated above shall not be a defense in any proceeding.

XII. COMMITMENT TO AWARENESS AND RESPONSE TRAINING

The College is committed to educating the campus community about sexual harassment and

sexual misconduct through appropriate awareness and response training programs. The College provides regular sexual harassment awareness and response training programs for faculty, staff, student employees, Campus Security Authorities, athletic coaches, Building Marshals, and Residence Life Staff members.

Bystander Intervention: The College expects all campus community members to take reasonable actions to prevent or stop an act of sexual misconduct. Bystanders can help in different ways including direct intervention, seeking assistance from an authority figure, notifying campus security, or calling the police. Campus education and training programs provided through a partnership with MorrisCARES help individuals recognize signs of sexual violence and when sexual misconduct is taking place. If a bystander is able to intervene safely, without violence, then he/she should do so or should contact the police immediately. Individuals may also seek the assistance of a CA, AD who have been trained by MorrisCARES on how to intervene and stop sexual misconduct/sexual violence. If a victim of sexual violence or sexual misconduct confides in a campus community member, he/she should listen respectfully and not criticize the victim's choices in any scenario. The bystander should ask the victim what they need to feel safe; bystanders do not assume that a roommate, partner, or family is safe. Bystanders should be supportive, kind, and non-judgemental to provide the victim the support in moving forward, and utilize on-campus and off-campus resources to help provide the victim with support resources.

Prevention Programs: The College offers several programs to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking that are relevant to the campus community. Students can find information about these programs in the Counseling Center or the Vice President for Student Life Office.

- Haven (EverFi), online sexual assault prevention program for students
- SAP (Substance Abuse Prevention) program - Healthy Relationships Component - New First Years/Transfers
- SAP (Substance Abuse Prevention) program - Healthy Relationships Component - Upperclassmen
- Healthy Relationship Infusions - General Education Program - Levels I, II, III
- Safety Presentation - First Year/Transfer Orientation

Awareness Programs: The College hosts campus-wide programming to increase education and awareness surrounding the topics of violence prevention, safety, and incident reduction.

- Take Back the Night, a confidential awareness program providing a platform for campus community members to share personal stories as survivors, friends, and advocates
- The Clothesline Project, a Jersey Battered Women's Services partnered program educating the campus community on domestic and dating violence
- Denim Day, a program focused on raising awareness of sexual assault and violence against women and men
- Anti-Bullying Week programs focused on dating violence, domestic violence, and sexual misconduct/violence

Bystander Intervention: These programs and trainings offer safe options for campus community

members to intervene on behalf of an individual to prevent harm or violence.

- Bystander Intervention Strategies, presented by MorrisCARES and the Safety Committee
- HAVEN, bystander intervention strategies

Ongoing Prevention & Awareness Campaigns: The College offers on-going programs and awareness campaigns designed to increase the level of understanding on topics such as acts of violence including dating, domestic, and sexual violence as well as stalking.

- Media Literacy Project, presented by MorrisCARES - This year-long program educates the campus community on the portrayal of men and women in media that directly relates to acts of violence. Individuals receive a certification at the end of the program to stand as peer educators with MorrisCARES
- Awareness and Prevention Tabling by the Counseling Center - The on-campus Counseling Center provides information to the campus community throughout the year on dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, and sexual assault prevention and awareness

Further information on sexual harassment and assault awareness, bystander intervention, and risk reduction can be found in the Counseling Center, Office of Human Resources, and the Vice President for Student Life Office.